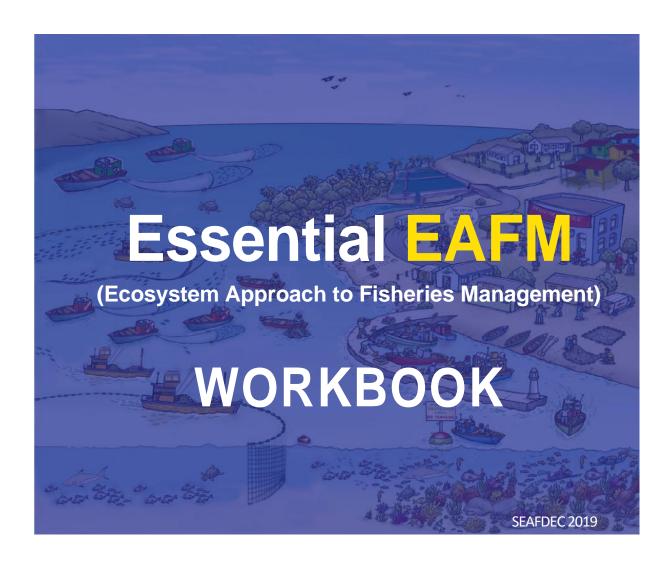
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(2) How to use this workbook

You will work in groups for much of this course, and you will mostly be using cards, pens and paper for group work. It is VERY IMPORTANT that you record all the outputs from your group work. Use the relevant sections of this workbook to write your notes. You will need to refer to many of your outputs for finalizing your draft EAFM plan which you will present on day 5.

This workbook covers the following phases and steps:

Module number	Step/ phase	Activity/group work	Workbook page number
5		Review EAFM continuum for individual fishery and plot for local or country fishery	4
5		Identify challenges and opportunities in moving towards EAFM	5
8	Startup	List all FMU stakeholders; plot them onto importance/ influence matrix	6-7
8	Startup	Plot your FMU stakeholder linkages/relationships	8
10	Step 1.1	Define your FMU	9
10	Step 1.2	Agree the FMU vision	9
10	Step 1.3	Identify type of information needed for scoping FMU	10
11	Step 2.1	Identify threats and issues for your FMU	11
11	Step 2.2	Prioritize through risk assessment	12
11	Step 2.3	Develop FMU goals	13
		Brainstorm constraints and opportunities to achieving these goals	13
12	Reality Check I	Win-win conflict resolution	14
13	Step 3.1	Develop operational objectives	15
13	Step 3.2	Select indicators and benchmarks for objectives	16
14	Step 3.3	Agree management actions and compliance	17
14	Step 3.4	Agree financing mechanisms	18
14	Step 3.5	Finalize draft EAFM plan	19
15	Step 4.1	Implementation	20
15	Step 4.1	Formalize, communicate and engage	21
16	Reality Check II	Revisit constraints and opportunities to achieving your FMU goals	22
17	Step 5	Performance review template	23-24

EAFM plan for FMU XXXX

1. VISION

The broad goal of management.

2. BACKGROUND

Description of the area and resources to be managed, including maps at different scales.

The fisheries management area

Area of operation of the fishery, jurisdictions and ecosystem "boundaries" (including national/province/district jurisdictions). Map of FMU.

History of fishing and management

Brief description of the past development of the fishery in terms of fleets, gear, people involved, etc.

Current status of the fishery

Description of the fishery resources and fleet/gears used;

Resource status;

Map of resource use patterns.

Socio-economic benefits, including postharvest

Description of stakeholders and their interests (including socio-economic status);

Description of other uses/users of the ecosystem, especially activities that could have major impacts and arrangements for coordination and consultation processes:

Social and economic benefits, both now and in the future.

Special environmental considerations

Details of critical environments, particularly sensitive areas and endangered species.

Institutional aspects

Legislative background;

Existing co-management arrangements – roles and responsibilities;

MCS arrangements;

Consultation process leading to the plan and on-going activities;

Details of decision-making process, including recognized participants;

Nature of rights granted in the fishery and details of those holding the rights;

Maps of management interventions/user rights/jurisdiction boundaries.

3. MAJOR THREATS AND ISSUES

Ecological issues

Fisheries resources and general environmental issues, including both the impact of the fishery on the environment and vice versa.

Social and economic issues

Issues relating to the people involved in fishing, the general public and at the national level, including gender issues.

Governance issues

Issues affecting the ability to achieve the management objectives.

4. GOALS OF MANAGEMENT

Higher level goals, i.e. the ultimate goal of management.

5. OBJECTIVES, INDICATORS AND BENCHMARKS

Priority issues, objectives, benchmarks for the fishery, covering:

- fishery resources;
- environment (including by catch, habitats, prey protection, biodiversity, etc.);
- social;
- · economic;
- governance (ability to achieve the plan).

6. MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

Agreed actions for the plan to meet all objectives within an agreed time frame, including by-catch, habitat protection, socio-economic benefits, good governance, etc.

7. COMPLIANCE

For actions that require rules/regulations - arrangements for ensuring that the management actions are effective.

8. DATA AND INFORMATION NEEDS

Data and information needs to monitor implementation of the plan. Clarify where the data are to be found and who collects, analyses and uses the information.

9. FINANCING

Major sources of funding.

10. REVIEW OF THE PLAN

Date and nature of next review(s) and audit of performance of management.

1. Moving towards EAFM continuum: complete this table for your fishery/fisheries

To what extent are EAFM principles being applied in your fishery? Plot your fishery on a scale of 0-5 (where 0 = none; and 5 = excellent)

EAFM principles	05
1. Good governance	>
2. Appropriate scale	>
3. Increased participation	>
4. Multiple objectives	>
5. Cooperation and coordination	>
6. Adaptive management	
7. Precautionary approach	>

Moving towards EAFM				
Identify challenges in moving towards EAFM				
Identify opportunities in moving towards EAFM				

í	Startup
	List the major FMU stakeholders

Startup

Plot the stakeholders onto the importance/influence matrix High importance/Low influence High importance/High influence			
High importance/Low influence	High importance/High influence		
Low importance/Low influence	Low importance/Low influence		
Low importance/Low influence	Low importance/Low influence		

Sta	rt	u	p

Plot your FMU stakeholder linkages/relationships (Venn diagram)	

Step 1.1
Define your FMU
•
Step 1.2
Step 1.2
Agree the FMU vision

Ste	D	1.	.3

Identify type of information needed for scoping the FMU	

Step	2.1
$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{U}}$	4.1

Identify threats and issues for your FMU	

Step :	2.2
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Prioritize issues through a risk assessment	

Step 2.3	
Develop FMU goals	
Reality Check I	
Constraints and opportunities that may prevent you to achieve your FMU goals	
	_

	WIN-WIN CONFLICT RESOLUT	TION WORKSHEET
1. The partnership frame: "let's find a way to solve this that works for everyone"		3. Brainstorm4. Evaluate solutions5. Choose solutions
2. Define problem in terms of needs/outcomes	S	
Person A:	Person B:	Solution 1
Original solution:	Original solution:	
Basic needs/outcome:	Basic needs/outcome	
		Solution 2 Solution 3 Solution 4
		Solution 5
Shared (relationship) needs:		
6. Plan action		7. Evaluate results:

Essential EAF	ivi Participant workd	OOK		
Step 3.1				
Develop open	rational objectives			

Step 3.2

Select indicators and benchmarks for the objectives	
beleet mateators and benefiniaries for the objectives	

Step 3.3			
Agree on mana	gement actions		

Step 3.4

Agree on data and information needs and financing mechanisms	
11gree on the mile morning meeting mee	

St1ep 3.5: Now you have all the information to finalize the draft EAFM plan.

EAFM plan for FMU XXXX

1. VISION

The broad goal of management.

2. BACKGROUND

Description of the area and resources to be managed, including maps at different scales.

3. MAJOR THREATS AND ISSUES

Ecological issues

Social and economic issues

Governance issues

4. GOALS OF MANAGEMENT

Higher level goals, i.e. the ultimate goal of management.

5. OBJECTIVES, INDICATORS AND BENCHMARKS

Priority issues, objectives, benchmarks for the fishery, covering:

11. MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

Agreed actions for the plan to meet all objectives within an agreed time frame, including by-catch, habitat protection, socio-economic benefits, good governance, etc.

12. COMPLIANCE

For actions that require rules/regulations - arrangements for ensuring that the management actions are effective.

13. DATA AND INFORMATION NEEDS

Data and information needs to monitor implementation of the plan. Clarify where the data are to be found and who collects, analyses and uses the information.

14. FINANCING

Major sources of funding.

15. REVIEW OF THE PLAN

Date and nature of next review(s) and audit of performance of management.

Step 4.1 ImplementationImplementation work plan template

What management actions are cur				
EAFM plan objectives that will	be addressed with this management action:			
What	Agency responsible (who)	When	Where	Other issues
What specific tasks need to be done?	 Nominate what agency is responsible for monitoring, reporting and MCS. State the responsibility of the fishery agency, e.g. direct responsibility, coordination responsibility through ICM, etc. 	Timeframe & milestones		Activities outside scope/ jurisdiction of fishery agency (i.e. which require inter-departmental cooperation)

Step 4.1 Formalize, communicate and engage

Communication plan template

Target audience	Communication method (how & where)	Key messages	Timing

Reality Check II

Check that the governance arrangements and supporting environment are in place to achieve your FMU goals

Step 5 Monitor, evaluate and adapt Performance review template

Performance report heading	EAFM component (e.g. fishery resources)
1. Broad management goal	
2. Issue and reason for inclusion	
3. Management objectives	
4. Indicators	
5. Benchmark and performance measures	
6. Evaluation	
7. Robustness	
8. Fishery management response	Current action
	Future action

Example of completed performance review template

Performance report heading	EAFM component (e.g. fishery resources)
1. Broad management goal	Improved management moves towards sustainable fishery production, and reduced conflicts between fishery segments (small-scale fishers/medium-scale trawlers)
2. Issues and reason for inclusion	Two issues were ranked high impact/high likelihood: 1) Damage to artisanal gears and incursions into nearshore zones by trawlers leading to conflicts 2) High percentage of juveniles in catch and declining spawning stocks
3. Management objectives	Objective 1: to conduct trawl fisheries only within the designated trawling zone and operate a closed season for xx months of the year Objective 2: to reduce the ratio of juvenile fish to adult fish to an agreed amount
4. Indicators	For Objective 1: level of compliance with spatial and seasonal trawl restrictions For Objective 2: percentage of juveniles in catch
5. Benchmark and performance measures	For Objective 1: trawl operators' agreement/expressed support for spatial and temporal measures Enforcement reports and level of compliance For Objective 2: juveniles forming less than 10 to 15% of the species catch
6. Evaluation	For Objective 1: number of regulation violations (reported by small-scale fishery observers) not increasing For Objective 2: no changes detected in the percentage of juveniles in the catch (measured in trawl catch sampling)
7. Robustness	For Objective 1: the indicator is dependent on carrying out comprehensive awareness raising to generate compliance and also enforcement (patrol) measures For Objective 2: the indicator is dependent on good landing statistics/sampling and cooperation with on board sampling programme
8. Fishery management response	Current action For Objective 1: improve trawler compliance – effective communication with trawl operators and linking compliance to incentives such as catch certification (IUU and use of bycatch for fishmeal) Improved small-scale fisher cooperation – need to improve communication and consultation and promote allocation of group user rights to fishing communities For Objective 2: strengthened regulation of the trawl exclusion zone Declaration of closed season for trawling during peak spawning period prior to monsoon onset (May) Small-scale fishery observer scheme report on infringements On board catch sampling programme to monitor % juveniles in trawl catches Future action Will need to review, especially if current actions prove to be non-enforceable

